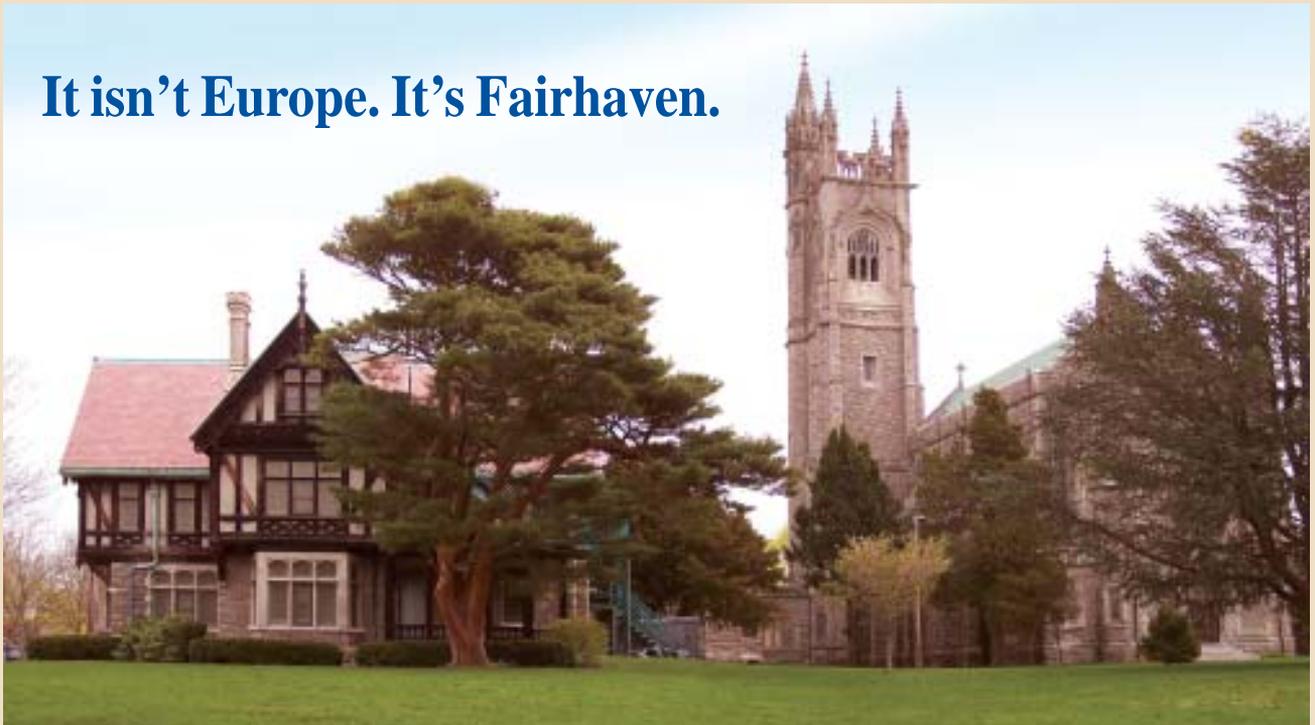


FAIRHAVEN Visitors Guide



PUBLISHED BY THE FAIRHAVEN, MA, OFFICE OF TOURISM

It isn't Europe. It's Fairhaven.



“I never had a delightfuler holiday in my life, and I did hate to leave Fairhaven.”

—Mark Twain to daughter Clara, July 27, 1906

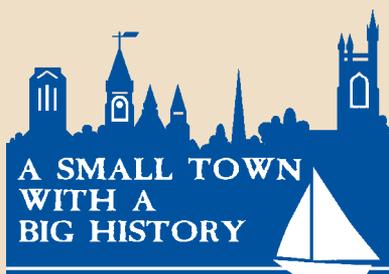


Fairhaven today is still every bit as delightful today as it was when Mark Twain used to visit.

Maybe even delightfuler.

There's the state beach on Buzzard's Bay. There's the 3.5 mile Phoenix Bike Trail. There's the rich history spanning the time from the Pilgrims, through the American Revolution, and the Nineteenth Century heyday of whaling and adventure. There's a real fort, which was attacked by the British in 1778. There are the magnificent public buildings donated by Standard Oil Company millionaire Henry H. Rogers. There are unique shops, restaurants, marinas, fairs, concerts, historical tours and more for the whole family to enjoy.

See for yourself why Mark Twain hated to leave Fairhaven.



TOWN OF FAIRHAVEN, MA

Office of Tourism & Visitors Center

141 Main Street Street, Fairhaven, MA 02719

508-979-4085 • FairhavenTours@aol.com

Monday, Tuesday, Thursday & Friday 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Saturday 8:30 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. off season & 8:30 a.m. to Noon in the summer

<http://FairhavenTours.blogspot.com>

Welcome to Fairhaven, MA

A LOVELY COASTAL TOWN

on the shore of Buzzards Bay, Fairhaven shares its harbor with the famed seaport New Bedford and is within sight of Cape Cod and the Elizabeth Islands off shore.

The town is easily accessible from Interstate 195, at Exit 18, about halfway between Providence, RI and Cape Cod. There is also commuter bus service to Fairhaven from South Station in Boston via Dattco buses.

Historically, the town has been linked with the sea. Early ship building began here in the 1700s. The first naval battle of the Revolutionary War was fought off the Fairhaven shore. Revolutionary War era **Fort Phoenix** still guards our harbor entrance. Our present waterfront was developed during the height of the whaling days. Today it serves both commercial fishing and recreational boaters. In the early 1890s, **Captain Joshua Slocum** rebuilt the sloop *Spray* in town before setting out to become the first man to sail alone around the world.

Besides its nautical heritage, Fairhaven also boasts some of the most beautiful public buildings in New England, gifts from Standard Oil millionaire **Henry Huttleston Rogers**, who grew up in town. Our Italian Renaissance-style library, French Gothic town hall, English Perpendicular Gothic Unitarian Memorial Church and the Elizabethan-influence high school are architectural gems, designed by noted New England architect **Charles Brigham**.

Fairhaven has many connections to the world. It's the childhood home of **Joseph Bates Jr.**, founder of the Seventh-day Adventist Church, and it is where fourteen year old **Manjiro Nakahama** stayed as the first Japanese ever to live in America after he was rescued at sea in 1841 by **Captain William H. Whitfield**. World renowned marine painter and photographer **William Bradford** lived and worked here. President **Franklin Delano Roosevelt's** grandparents lived in town, and young F.D.R. visited often in his youth. The homes of these notable figures may still be seen today.

One may also see where author and humorist **Mark Twain** stayed on his frequent visits to his friend Henry Huttleston Rogers. (By the way, Fairhaven is where **Emma Borden** was staying while her sister **Lizzie** remained at home in Fall River "eating pears" on the day their parents got forty whacks with a hatchet.) If you attend one of the Office of Tourism's free walking tours, you'll learn about all of the above, and more.

Fairhaven's restaurants, featuring fresh seafood, New



England specialties and ethnic cuisine are too numerous to list. There are two larger motels in town, some lovely bed and breakfasts and a few other accommodations.

For those arriving by sea, a number of marinas are located along our shore.

All over town you'll find unique shops selling antiques, gifts, fine art and crafts, locally manufactured handbags and chocolates, decorative home furnishings and more.

Fairs and festivals, an authentic Portuguese *festa*, outdoor concerts, walking tours, swimming at Fort Phoenix State Beach, boating, fishing, and bicycling are only some of the many activities you can enjoy when you visit us. Your stay is sure to be a pleasant one!

On the web

Fairhaven Office of Tourism

<http://FairhavenTours.blogspot.com>

Fairhaven Events

<http://FairhavenEvents.blogspot.com>

Fairhaven Businesses

<http://FairhavenBusiness.blogspot.com>

Official Town of Fairhaven Page

<http://Fairhaven-MA.gov>

Millicent Library

<http://MillicentLibrary.org>

Town History

<http://Fort-Phoenix.blogspot.com>

<http://HenryHRogers.blogspot.com>

<http://OldStoneSchool.blogspot.com>

<http://www.Whitfield-Manjiro.org>

Follow Us on Facebook

<http://www.facebook.com/FairhavenTours>



Lodging

Listed in alphabetical order and is based on survey filled out by individual accommodations.

Baggins End Guest House

2 West Street Street
Phone: 508-326-2567
Email: info@bagginsendguesthouse.com
<http://www.bagginsendguesthouse.com>

B&B 2 rooms, non-smoking rooms only, queen size beds, Semi-private baths, Wi-Fi, off-street parking, waterfront lawn with 75' dock, private waterfront parties for reserved guests, no pets.

Delano Homestead Bed and Breakfast

39 Walnut Street
Phone: 508-992-5552
Email: info@delanohomestead.com
<http://delanohomestead.com>

B&B, 3 rooms, non-smoking rooms only, cable TV, WiFi, private baths, continental breakfast, no pets, off-street parking. The house, once owned by President Franklin Delano Roosevelt's mother's family, was frequently visited by FDR throughout his life.

Hampton Inn

1 Hampton Way
Phone: 508-990-8500 Fax: 508-990-0183
<http://www.newbedfordfairhaven.hamptoninn.com>

107 rooms, AmEx, Visa, MC, Diners
Continental breakfast, handicap accessible rooms, two-room suites w/fridge, microwave & coffeemaker, laundry/same-day valet service, smoking and non-smoking rooms, air conditioning, cable TV, outdoor pool, health/exercise facilities, voice mail, AV equipment, meeting rooms, no pets.

Huttleston Motel

128 Huttleston Avenue
Phone: 508-997-7655
25 units, Visa, MC, Discover, AmEx
Handicap accessible rooms, smoking and non-smoking rooms, air conditioning, cable TV, small refrigerator.

Polish Manor Inn

1 Main Street
Phone: 774-206-6143
Email: info@polishmanorinn.com
<http://www.polishmanorinn.com>
B&B 2 rooms, continental breakfast, non-smoking rooms only, private baths, water views, meeting room, no pets.

Seaport Inn

110 Middle Street,
Phone: 508-997-1281
Email: Seaportinnmarina@aol.com
<http://www.seaportinnandmarina.com>
86 rooms, AmEx, Visa, MC, Diners, Discover.
Continental breakfast, handicap accessible rooms, smoking and non-smoking rooms, air conditioning, coffee makers, complimentary newspaper, on-site health center, on-site business center, cable/satellite TV, high speed internet, wi-fi in lobby, meeting/conference room, pets welcome w/add'l fee, deep-water marina slip rentals, restaurant.

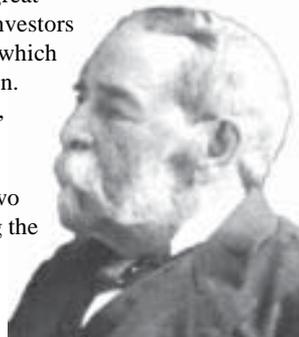
FDR descended from early Fairhaven family

President Franklin Delano Roosevelt descended from the Delano family of Fairhaven, which began with the 1660s homestead of Lt. Jonathan Delano (1647-1720) in what is now the Nasketucket area of East Fairhaven. Jonathan was the son of Philipe De La Noye, who arrived in Plymouth aboard the *Fortune* in 1621.

Ephriam Delano, F.D.R.'s great-great grandfather, was one of the original investors in the 1760 "Twenty-Acre Purchase," which developed into the Village of Fairhaven. Ephriam's son, Capt. Warren Delano I, was active in whaling pursuits, trade and banking. Originally a sea captain, Warren I "retired" to land following two separate captures by the British during the War of 1812. The home he built at 39 Walnut Street remained in the Delano family until the 1940s and young FDR often visited the homestead in his youth.

Warren Delano II, father of the President's outspoken mother Sara, was a prominent China Trader in the 1830s to 1860s. He created the beautiful Riverside Cemetery in Fairhaven in the year 1850. Many of the descendants of Warren Delano I are interred in and around the Delano tomb at Riverside Cemetery. (Lt. Jonathan Delano, who died in 1720, is buried in Acushnet Cemetery in neighboring Acushnet.)

Warren Delano II also saved the five large seacoast defense can-



WARREN DELANO II

nons at Fort Phoenix by buying them and donating them to the town.

Franklin Delano Roosevelt was first brought to Fairhaven in the summer of 1882 when he was about six months old. It was, in fact, in the Delano homestead in Fairhaven on Thanksgiving, 1903, when F.D.R. gave his mother the shocking news that he was engaged to Eleanor. The President's last visit to Fairhaven was October 21, 1936. His uncle Frederic A. Delano sold the house in 1942.

Famous Fairhaven residents

- **Joseph Bates**, one of the three founders of the Seventh Day Adventists, grew up in the family home off Main Street.
- **William Bradford**, marine artist and photographer, commissioned by Queen Victoria to paint *The 'Panther' in Melville Bay*, lived on Fort Street.
- **Capt. Joshua Slocum**, first man to sail alone around the world, rebuilt the sloop *Spray* here before the historic voyage.
- **Theodore Thomas**, conductor of the New York Philharmonic and founder of the Chicago Symphony, summered on Adams Street.
- **Frances Ford Seymour**, mother of actors Jane and Peter Fonda, lived on Green Street and graduated from Fairhaven High School in the Class of 1925.
- **William LeBaron Jenney**, architect of the world's first "skyscraper," was born and grew up here.
- **Everett S. Allen**, author of *This Quiet Place*, *Children of the Light*, *A Wind to Shake the World*, and *The Black Ships*, lived on Oxford St.



Churches

BAPTIST

Victory Baptist Church

7 Park Avenue
508-997-4388 dnbarrett@juno.com
<http://vbc1976.com>

CATHOLIC

St. Joseph's of Fairhaven

76 Spring Street
508-994-9714 stjosephparish@comcast.net
<http://stjosephparishfairhaven.weebly.com>

St. Mary's Catholic Church

440 Main Street
508-992-7300 stmarysfairhaven@comcast.net
<http://www.sccc.org/stmaryfhn>



ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH



ST. MARY'S CHURCH

CHRISTIAN

New Life Christian Church

148A Huttleston Avenue 508-999-1313
<http://nlchristianfellowship.com>

CHURCH OF CHRIST

First Congregational Church

34 Center Street
508-993-3368 firstcongfairhaven@gmail.com
<http://www.firstcongfairhaven.com>



TRINITY LUTHERAN CHURCH

EPISCOPAL

Church of the Good Shepherd

357 Main Street
508-992-2281
<http://goodshepherdfairhaven.webs.com>

LUTHERAN

Trinity Lutheran Church

16 Temple Place
508-993-6351

NON-DENOMINATIONAL

South Coast Community Church

34 Center St., William St. Entrance
508-838-4168 brian@sccc.org
<http://www.sccc.org>

PENTECOSTAL

The Potter's House Chapel

60 Cedar Street
508-997-6503

UNITARIAN UNIVERSALIST

Unitarian Memorial Church

102 Green Street
508-992-7081 office@uufairhaven.org
<http://uufairhaven.org>



Public Boat Landings

Parking fees at the town's public boat landings are \$7 per day. Yearly stickers are \$50 for Pease Park, Seaview Avenue and Hoppy's Landing.

Hoppy's Landing

Goulart Memorial Dr., East side of Long Island

Pease Park Boat Landing

Middle Street, inner harbor

Seaview Avenue Boat Landing

Seaview Avenue, east side of Sciticut Neck

Harbor Master

Fairhaven Harbor Master

Town Hall office: **508-984-4529** Cell: 508-989-4443

Monitors VHF Marine Channels 9 and 16

Boat Pump Out

Fairhaven offers all boaters within the New Bedford/Fairhaven harbor area the service of waste pump-out via the Harbor Master's patrol boat. You may flag down the boat operating near your dock area or make arrangements by VHF marine radio Channel 9.

There is also pump-out equipment at Earl's Marina and at the Pope's Island Marina.

Help keep our waters clean by using these services.

Waterway Users Fee

Fairhaven has a Waterway Users Fee imposed on all vessels over 16 ft. in length that stay in Fairhaven waters for more than 14 days in during the year. This applies to both recreational and commercial vessels. Exceptions are Government vessels, vessels in Fairhaven for repairs, and vessels on trailers launched each time they are used. Rates are \$1.00 per foot for residents and \$4.00 per foot for non-residents.

This is a mandatory fee and citations and fines will be issued for non-payment.



Marinas

Listed in alphabetical order.

Acushnet River Safe Boating Club, Inc.

80 Middle Street **508-991-2126**

<http://home.comcast.net/~arsbc-aux/>

Cozy Cove Marina

2 Elm Avenue **508-997-2444**

Earl's Marina

56 Goulart Memorial Drive **508-993-8600**

<http://www.earlsmarina.com>

Fairhaven Shipyard & Marina, Inc.

South yard, 50 Fort Street, North yard, 32 Water Street

508-999-1600

<http://www.fairhavenshipyard.com>

Seaport Inn & Marina

110 Middle Street **508-992-7985**

<http://www.seaportinnandmarina.com>

Moby Dick Marina

2 River Avenue **508-994-1133**

<http://mobydickmarina.com>



PHOTO COURTESY OF EARL'S MARINA

Shellfishing

All shellfishing requires a valid license, which may be purchased at the Selectmen's office at Town Hall, 40 Center Street, Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Fairhaven has resident, non-resident, senior, commercial and dredge boat licenses available.

List of fees and a map of open shellfishing areas are available at the same office. Eating shellfish taken from closed areas can result in illness.

For further information, contact the Shellfish Warden by calling 508-962-1416.



The Beach

Fort Phoenix State Beach & Reservation

Old Fort Rd., south end of Green or Fort streets
508-992-4524

Swimming, picnicking, tennis courts, basketball court, restrooms, outdoor showers, charcoal grills, playground.

Free Parking

A popular bathing beach since the 1880s, when trolleys brought thousands of beachgoers from New Bedford, the beach at Fort Phoenix has been operated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation as a state beach since the early 1960s.

To the west of the state beach is Revolutionary War era Fort Phoenix (1775), which is property of the Town of Fairhaven. An article about the historical fort appears elsewhere in this publication.

Pope Beach

Foot of Manhattan Ave.

Swimming, very limited free parking.

A small, rather rocky public beach at Priests Cove.

West Island Town Beach

Fir Street, West Island

Swimming, lifeguards, toilet facilities

Hours: late June through Labor Day, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

The beach is accessible for walking during the off season.

Public beach operated by the Town of Fairhaven. Passes are available at the BPW Office, 5 Arsene Street, or at the entrance gate to the beach. Swimming lessons are offered by the lifeguards for \$20.00 per child, additional children in same family \$10 ea. Applications available at BPW Office.

RESIDENT FEES: Season Pass \$30 per vehicle, Day Pass (car) \$ 6, Day Pass (walk in) \$ 3, Day Pass (bus) \$150 with 2-weeks notice required. No charge for Fairhaven seniors 60 or over.

NON-RESIDENT FEES: Season Pass \$100, Day Pass (car) \$20, Day Pass (walk in) \$ 10, Senior Walk-ins \$5. No out-of-town buses.

Fishing Charters

Private charter boats are available in Fairhaven and neighboring communities for sport fishing. Look for brochures or cards from these businesses at the Visitors Center.

Jet Skis

Jet skis are allowed in Fairhaven waters if you use care and follow all applicable Commonwealth of Massachusetts laws. Massachusetts has specific age restrictions and requirements for PWCs. Fairhaven enforces safe boating rules and regulations aggressively for the protection of all people using our waters.

Moorings/Storm Shelter

The Town of Fairhaven does not control any public moorings for rent or lease. It does not allow overnight anchorage for transient boaters within Fairhaven waters. If a mooring is required, Fairhaven suggests you call the New Bedford Harbor Development Commission as they may have some available. Or vessels may seek accommodations at any of the privately operated local marinas and shipyards.

The exception is for emergencies—with notification of such to the Harbormaster. Boats being allowed to anchor must have someone onboard and have an operating VHF radio on channel 9. Storm anchorage is allowed only with Harbormaster approval north of the Fairhaven Bridge. This is only applicable when the Coast Guard issues Port Storm Status ratings. Vessels anchoring will be required to notify the Police and or the Harbormaster and provide a contact number. Vessels are required to anchor with appropriate lines for storm conditions.

Weather & Tides

For up-to-date weather and tide information, visit the website of the West Island Weather Station, <http://westislandweather.com>.

Fort Phoenix



Guardian of our whaling port from the Revolutionary War through the Civil War

Less than a month after the skirmishes at Lexington and Concord, the first naval battle of the Revolutionary War took place in the waters off of Fairhaven's Sconticut Neck on May 13-14, 1775.

Captains Nathaniel Pope and Daniel Egery, with 25 volunteers aboard the sloop *Success*, captured two vessels which the British had stolen from the Elizabeth Islands.

Shortly after this battle, the town petitioned the Provincial Government in Watertown to build a small fortress on Nolscot Point for the protection of the harbor.

The project, begun in 1775 by Capt. Benjamin Dillingham and Eleazer Hathaway, was finished in 1777. Cannon were procured from Castle Island in Boston Harbor and from a captured supply stored in New London, Connecticut. The New London cannon had been acquired in the Bahamas by the ship *Alfred* and officer John Paul Jones. The smaller gun at the fort, resting in the low carriage, is one of the original cannon captured by Jones at New Providence. It was cast in 1690 and bears the imprint of the King's Cypher, the lion's head with a crown.



On September 5, 1778, New Bedford was attacked by sea. Four thousand British troops, under the command of Sir Henry Clinton, landed in New Bedford Village across the harbor and marched through town leaving a trail of destruction. When a second assault was directed at the fort, commander Timothy Ingraham tried to maintain his position, but

being greatly outnumbered soon chose to abandon the fort. The British forced the Americans into hiding, then blew up the fort's powder magazine. The British also destroyed the fort's eleven cannon, though the one remaining gun was retrieved from the fort and remounted later near Union Wharf.

Major Israel Fearing, with a militia from Wareham, soon arrived to help drive the British away. The fort then came to be known as Fort Fearing. In 1784, following the rebuilding of the fort, its name was officially changed to Fort Phoenix, after the mythical bird which rose from its own ashes.

THE WAR OF 1812 was the next time Fort Phoenix saw action, warding off an early morning attack by *HMS Nimrod* on June 13, 1814. One hundred men were stationed at the fort during this time. The alert troops quickly discouraged the barges associated with this warship and its proposed landing party. It was because of disagreement between Fairhaven and New Bedford over the necessity of this war that Fairhaven was incorporated as a separate town in 1812.

DURING THE CIVIL WAR, troops of the Home and Seacoast Defense were stationed at the reactivated Fort Phoenix. The group was later reorganized as the 3rd Massachusetts Heavy Artillery. The five large cannon at the fort today were brought to Fairhaven in 1861 to repel any attacks by the Confederate raiders *Shenandoah*, *Alabama*, *Florida* and *Georgia*. With the new Fort Taber installed in New Bedford, the Confederates were discouraged from bothering the area's whaling fleet. Four companies of men rotated duty between the two forts. At Fort Phoenix a barracks was built to house forty men. The powder magazine, which could hold fifty thousand pounds of gun



PHOTO BY AMY SYLVIA

powder, was also built during this time. Well protected, the harbor saw no conflict during the war. In 1876 the fort was abandoned of all military presence.

The fort was then put up for sale by the Federal Government. Neither the Commonwealth of Massachusetts nor Bristol County took up the offer to buy it. The Town of Fairhaven lacked the funds to do so. Finally, the property was purchased for \$5,000 by Mrs. Urban H. Broughton, daughter of Standard Oil Company millionaire Henry Huttleston Rogers, a Fairhaven native. Mrs. Broughton then presented Fort Phoenix to the Town of Fairhaven as a public park. It is maintained by the Department of Public Works and the Fairhaven Historical Commission. In 1973 it was placed on the National Register of Historic Places.

The fort's five large cannons are fired each July 4th during a program held on the morning of Independence Day. They are also fired during some of the weekend encampments held by the Fairhaven Village Militia. Check for details in the calendar of events.

From June through September tours of the fort are presented by the Office of Tourism. Tours are listed in a schedule available at the Visitors Center.

As part of an Office of Tourism program begun in 1999, men, women and children of the Fairhaven Village Militia, dressed in period clothing, may be stationed at Fort Phoenix one or two days a week during the summer and early fall to answer questions about the fort's history and show activities from the 18th Century. Flintlock musket firing and tomahawk throwing demonstrations are given as well. Overnight Revolutionary War period encampments are held each year in the spring and fall.

Visit <http://Fort-Phoenix.blogspot.com> for more information about activities at the fort.

Other Fort Attractions

FORT PHOENIX STATE BEACH AND RESERVATION lies just to the east of the historic fort. Operated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation, the beach has restroom facilities, outdoor showers, a playground, tennis courts and grassy areas for picnicking with charcoal grills. The beach is open daytime hours from late spring to early fall. There is plenty of free parking.

THE HURRICANE BARRIER was built by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers between 1962 and 1966 to protect the New Bedford inner harbor from the tidal surges associated with large storms, such as the Great New England Hurricane of 1938 and hurricane Carol in 1954, which caused millions of dollars of damage to the port. The hurricane barrier is the largest manmade stone structure on the east coast of the U.S. The 150 foot wide opening allows for boat traffic. During a storm, the gates are shut to hold back the flood waters. On the flat, paved surface of the barrier, one may walk, jog or roller skate to nearly the middle of New Bedford Harbor.



Ferry Service

New Bedford to Martha's Vineyard

New England Fast Ferry Company LLC

State Pier, New Bedford, Toll free: 866-683-3779

<http://www.seastreak.com>

Year round, 1-hour passenger service aboard a state-of-the-art high speed catamaran.

Four to six daily round trips, depending on season.



New Bedford to Cuttyhunk Island

M/V Cuttyhunk, Cuttyhunk Ferry Co., Inc.

State Pier, New Bedford

508-992-0200 <http://www.cuttyhunkferryco.com>

One-hundred, forty-nine passenger ferry providing service to Cuttyhunk Island.

Ferry Park & Ride

The Whale's Tooth Park & Ride facility in New Bedford provides 24-hour parking for ferry customers and shuttle bus service direct to the ferry terminal. Directions: I-195 to Exit 15 (Route 18 South, Downtown). Take Purchase St. off-ramp, and follow signs.

Bus Service

Local Bus Routes

Southeastern Regional Transit Authority SRTA

700 Pleasant Street, New Bedford

508-999-5211 <http://www.srtabus.com/>

Fairhaven — Boston

Dattco

72 Sycamore Street, Fairhaven

508-993-5040 <http://www.dattco.com/>

Passenger service, Monday through Friday from Fairhaven to South Station in Boston, with 11 daily departures. Weekend and holiday departures are from SRTA terminal in New Bedford. Trips include a stop at Silver City Galleria Mall in Taunton. One-way, round trip and commuter rates available.

New Bedford — Providence & New York

Bonanza/Peter Pan Bus Lines

508-990-3366 or 1-888-751-8800 <http://www.bonazabus.com>

From SRTA terminal, downtown New Bedford

Fairhaven Annual Events

The following is a list of some of the popular annual events held in Fairhaven. For a more complete and up-to-date list, visit <http://FairhavenEvents.blogspot.com>. In addition, a description of regularly scheduled walking tours appears elsewhere in this publication.

Fort Phoenix Polar Plunge
New Year's Day, January 1
Fort Phoenix State Beach and Reservation

South end of Green St., Fairhaven
10:00 a.m. sharp

A fundraiser for charitable causes including high school scholarships.



PHOTO BY ERIC BIRKELAND

Fairhaven Village Militia
Spring Revolutionary War Encampment
Saturday and Sunday of Memorial Day weekend
Fort Phoenix, Fort Street, Fairhaven, MA
10:00 a.m. Saturday to 3:00 p.m. Sunday
Cannon firing, Saturday evening at sunset

The Fairhaven Village Militia, the Fairhaven Office of Tourism and guests present a two-day historical encampment at Fort Phoenix. Talk to period costumed men and women about the fort's history and life in the 1770s. See military drilling, flintlock musket and cannon firing demonstrations and camp cooking demonstrations. Try tomahawk throwing or children's games. Also see activities such as spinning, fire starting, demonstrations of 18th-Century dentistry and more.

Saturday evening at sundown (approx. 8:15 p.m.) see a demonstration "night firing" of the fort's five cannons. Free. Handicap accessible. For more information, call 508-979-4085.

Memorial Day Parade
Memorial Day
Main Street, from Center Street north to Riverside Cemetery.
8:30 a.m.

Units will march from Center and Main streets north to Riverside Cemetery. There will be a pause at Fairhaven High School for the raising of the "Big Flag" with the National Anthem performed by Fairhaven High School music students. At Riverside Cemetery there will be a ceremony at the Civil War monument, followed by a cannon salute.

Fairhaven History Day
First Saturday in June
Historical sites throughout Fairhaven
10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

A number of Fairhaven historical sites will be open to the public throughout the day with a map to guide visitors from place to place. Stops are expected to include the Academy Building, the Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship House, the Old Stone Schoolhouse, the Joseph Bates Boyhood Home, Fort Phoenix, the Unitarian Memorial Church

and more. Sponsored by the Fairhaven Office of Tourism. For more information, call 508-979-4085.

Father's Day 10K and 5K Road Races
Father's Day, third Sunday in June
Begins at Hastings Middle School, 30 School Street
9:00 a.m. start

The annual running of a 10K, TAC sanctioned course through the lovely, historical Fairhaven streets features some of New England's top runners. There is also a shorter 5K race. Sponsored by Fairhaven merchants. Registration deadline is the day before.. For registration, call 508-997-9460 or 508-992-1804.

Fairhaven Farmer's Market
Sunday afternoons, Father's Day though mid-October
Fairhaven High School, 12 Huttleston Avenue, Fairhaven
1:00 to 4:00 p.m.

Buy fresh local produce and other products from area farmers. Enjoy the local market with family and friends every Sunday afternoon through October 15. Entertainment will be available occasionally during market hours. Off-street parking in high school lot. Handicap parking. Coordinated by the Fairhaven Sustainability Committee.

Homecoming Day Fair
Last Saturday in June
Center Street, from William to Green streets, Fairhaven
10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

Fairhaven's largest annual event features about 175 booths of handmade crafts and delicious foods in addition to live entertainment, an art exhibit on the west lawn of the Unitarian Church, and children's activities, including the very popular fire engine rides. Sponsored by the Fairhaven Improvement Association. Free. Handicap parking available.



Fourth of July Car Cruise
July 4
Starts at Fairhaven High School, 12 Huttleston Avenue
Gather for flag raising 8:30 a.m., Depart 9:00 a.m.

Classic and antique cars and vehicles will gather at Fairhaven High School for the raising of the "Big Flag" then will cruise through town

with a stop at Fort Phoenix for the annual Independence Day Ceremony (See below). Sponsored by the North Fairhaven Improvement Association with the Prowlers and the Downshifters car clubs. Free. For more information call John Medeiros at 508-990-0000.

Fourth of July Costume Parade

July 4

Starts at Cushman Park, Green Street

Line-up 9:00 a.m., Depart approx. 9:30 a.m., as Car Cruise passes

Residents and town groups are invited to march in historical and/or patriotic costume, along with floats and other vehicles, from Cushman Park to Fort Phoenix, following behind the car cruise. The parade will be followed by the Fort Phoenix Independence Day Ceremony (See below). Sponsored by the Fairhaven Office of Tourism. Free. For more information call 508-979-4085 or email Fairhaventours@aol.com.

Fort Phoenix Independence Day Ceremony and Cannon Salute

July 4

Fort Phoenix, Fort Street

Approximately 10:15

A program at the historical, Revolutionary War era fort will feature a brief history of Fort Phoenix, a reading of the Declaration of Independence, musical performances and the singing of the National Anthem followed by the firing of the fort's five 24-pound Seacoast Defense cannons. Sponsored by the Town of Fairhaven and the



PHOTO BY JEFFREY LUCAS

Fairhaven Village Militia. Free. Handicap parking available. For more information, call 508-979-4085 or email FairhavenTours@aol.com.

**Feast of Our Lady of Angels
Labor Day Weekend
Lady of Angels Feast Grounds
7 Jesse Street
Sat. 5 p.m.-Midnight,
Sun. Noon - Midnight,
Mon. Noon - 10:00 p.m.
Procession on Main Street
Monday at 1:00 p.m.**

A traditional Catholic Portuguese "festa" held every year since 1930, with live music, game booths, Portuguese & American foods, auctions, kids' activities. Sponsored by Our Lady of Angels Catholic Association. For more information, call 508-990-0502.



Fairhaven Village Militia

Fall Revolutionary War Encampment

Third weekend in September

Fort Phoenix, Fort Street

10:00 a.m. Saturday to 3:00 p.m. Sunday

Cannon firing approx. 6:30 p.m. Saturday

The Fairhaven Village Militia, the Fairhaven Office of Tourism and guests present a two-day historical encampment at Fort Phoenix. Talk to period costumed men and women about the fort's history and life in the 1770s. See military drilling, flintlock musket and cannon firing demonstrations and camp cooking demonstrations. Try tomahawk throwing or children's games. Also see activities such as spinning, fire starting, demonstrations of 18th-Century dentistry and more.

Saturday evening at sundown (approx. 6:30 p.m.) see a demonstration "night firing" of the fort's five cannons. Free. Handicap accessible. For more info: 508-979-4085 or visit <http://Fort-Phoenix.blogspot.com>.

Manjiro Festival

Odd numbered years only

First Saturday in October

Center and Walnut streets

A Japanese-American festival commemorating Manjiro Nakahama, the first Japanese person to live in America and the town's Sister City connection with Tosashimizu, Japan. Arts and crafts, food, entertainment, Taiko drumming, tea ceremony, tours of the Manjiro Trail and more. Sponsored by the Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship Society. Free. For more information email Gerry@WMFriendshipHouse.org or call 508-858-5303. Vendor applications and updated details will be posted at <http://Manjiro-Whitfield.org>.

Veterans Day Parade

November 11, 10:00 a.m.

**Main Street from Oxford School south
to Fairhaven High School**

Annual parade to honor all veterans is followed by a brief ceremony and cannon-firing at Fairhaven High School. Veterans are welcome to line up at Livesey Park at 9:00 a.m. Parade steps off at 10:00 a.m.

Old-Time Holiday Weekend

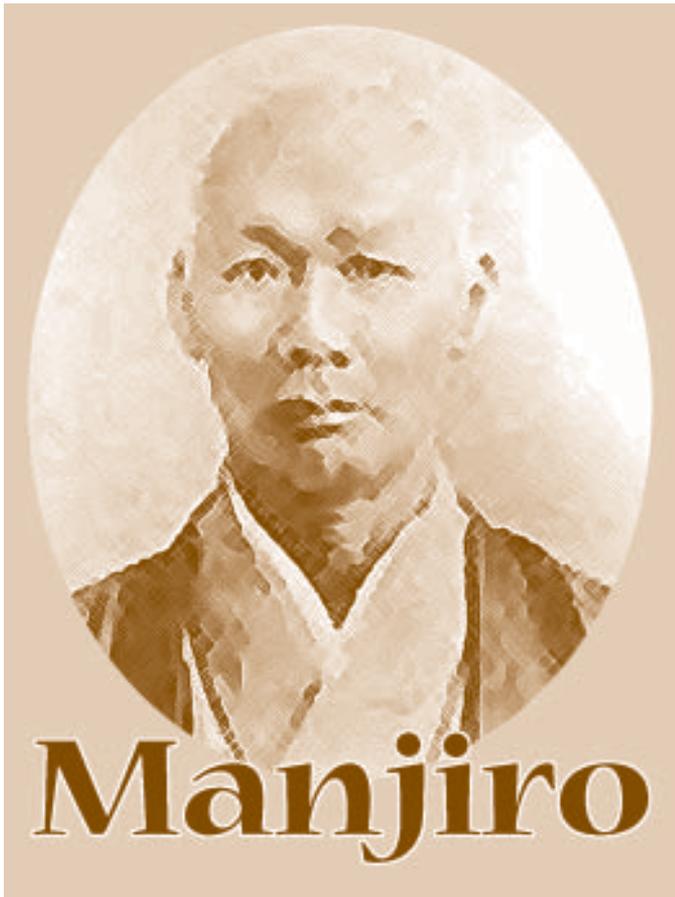
Second weekend in December, Various times and locations

A number of holiday events, including caroling, fairs, luncheons, childrens activities, concerts and more are scheduled throughout the



PHOTO BY JONATHAN PAQUETTE

weekend by local non-profit, school and church groups. Coordinated and promoted by the Fairhaven Office of Tourism. For more information, call 508-979-4085 or email FairhavenTours@aol.com.



The first Japanese person to live in America

In 1843, Fairhaven, Massachusetts, became the home of the first Japanese person to live in America. The ties of friendship, first formed when a Fairhaven whaling captain rescued fourteen year old Manjiro Nakahama from a small island in the Pacific Ocean, have endured to this day and make Fairhaven a popular spot for visitors from Japan.

Manjiro Nakahama was born in a fishing village in what is now Tosashimizu, Japan, in 1827. From a poor family, he became a fisherman at the age of 13. In early 1841, he and four companions were caught in a storm at sea and shipwrecked on the uninhabited island of Tori Shima (Hurricane Island) in the Pacific. Nearly six months after they had been stranded, the young men were rescued by Fairhaven Captain William H. Whitfield aboard the whaleship *John Howland*. Manjiro's four shipmates were set ashore at the Sandwich Islands (later known as



WILLIAM H. WHITFIELD

Hawaii), but the fourteen-year-old, known to the captain and crew as "John Mung," chose to return with Whitfield to America.

Manjiro arrived in Fairhaven with Whitfield in May, 1843. He spent his first night in America at Whitfield's home at 11 Cherry Street in the Oxford Village neighborhood of town. Because Whitfield was a widower at the time, he sent Manjiro to live for a short time

with the Akin family who lived just down the road at 14 Oxford Street. Manjiro was tutored by a neighbor, Miss Jane Allen, and he attended classes at the one room Stone Schoolhouse on North Street.

Whitfield remarried and purchased a farm on Scoticut Neck. Manjiro helped build the Whitfield farmhouse, now located on Cres-



SCOTICUT NECK SCHOOLHOUSE

cent Drive. He continued his schooling at the Scoticut Neck Schoolhouse, which is now a private home.

Though most of Manjiro's schoolmates accepted him, some of their parents were not as welcoming to the young man from a foreign land. When Capt. Whitfield took Manjiro with him to the Congregational Church, he was told the boy would have to sit in the "negro pew." Whitfield left the church and took his family to the original Unitarian Church at 32 Washington St., where Manjiro was allowed to sit with the Whitfields.

As he got older, Manjiro took classes in mathematics and navigation with Louis Bartlett in the school he ran at 42 Spring Street. Here the boy became familiar with Bowditch's *American Practical Navigator* which he later translated into Japanese.

In 1846, Manjiro took to the sea again, aboard the whaleship *Franklin*. He spent some time in San Francisco during the Gold Rush before joining another ship and eventually returning to Japan.

Upon returning to Japan, Manjiro was at first imprisoned because Japan forbade its people from leaving. However, his familiarity with American customs and the English language became important when Commodore Perry first arrived to "open Japan" to trade relations with the western world. Manjiro rose to prominence in Japanese governmental circles and was made a samurai. He promoted the acceptance of American ideas and technology. (He has also been credited with introducing the necktie to Japan.)

Manjiro compiled *A Short Cut To English Conversation*, which became the standard book on practical English at that time. He also became an instructor teaching navigation and ship engineering at the Naval Training School in Yedo (now Tokyo). Twice the Japanese government sent Manjiro on diplomatic missions to America. On the second trip, in 1870, he revisited Fairhaven, staying once again, though this time just overnight, with the Whitfields.

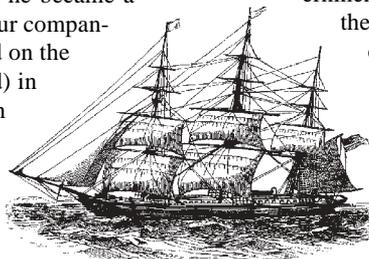
Manjiro Nakahama died on November 12, 1898, in his son's house in Tokyo.

On July 4, 1918, Viscount Kikujiro Ishii, the Japanese ambassador to Washington, presented to Fairhaven, on behalf of Manjiro's eldest son Dr. Toichiro Nakahama, a samurai sword as a token of

gratitude for the kindness shown to his father by the town. The sword was displayed in a glass case in the Millicent Library, even during WWII. The original sword was stolen from the library in 1977 and has never been recovered. Hearing of the theft, Dr. Tadashi Kikuoka of Seton Hall University located another sword of similar origin and presented it to the town as a replacement.

The Millicent Library, 45 Center Street, has a collection of Manjiro memorabilia on permanent display.

An interesting sidebar to the Manjiro story is that President



Franklin Delano Roosevelt's grandfather owned a share of the whaleship *John Howland*, which rescued the boy. In 1933, in a letter to Toichiro Nakahama, the president wrote, "You may not know that I am the grandson of Mr. Warren Delano of Fairhaven, who was part owner of the ship. . . that brought your father to Fairhaven. . . . when I was a boy, I well remember my grandfather telling me all about the little Japanese boy who went to school in Fairhaven and who went to church from time to time with the Delano family." Warren Delano also purchased and donated the land for Riverside Cemetery where the Whitfield family rests. It's no wonder Fairhaven felt somewhat torn when the United States and Japan were at war only a few years after that letter was written.

Though the wounds of war took many years to recover from, neither Fairhaven residents nor the Japanese forgot Manjiro's stay in town in the 1840s. In the fall of 1987, the Fairhaven/New Bedford—Tosashimizu Sister City Committee was formed to further promote international cooperation, friendship and peace between those communities. Crown Prince Akihito, now Emperor of Japan, visited Fairhaven at that time. The group's name has since been changed to the Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship Society, Inc. The society maintains a museum at Capt. Whitfield's house at 11 Cherry Street. The house itself is owned by the Town of Fairhaven.

A Manjiro Festival, sponsored by the Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship Society, is held in Fairhaven in early October of odd numbered years. The festival, featuring Japanese and American foods, arts and crafts booths and entertainment, celebrates the sister city relationship and the bond that has survived for more than a century and a half.

Capt. William H. Whitfield (1804-1886)

William H. Whitfield was born in Fairhaven, was raised by his grandparents and was influenced by his uncle George Whitfield, also a sea captain. Later in life, Capt. Whitfield served as a Selectman in 1871, 1872 and 1873 and was a State Representative in 1872 and 1873. He was married twice, first to Ruth Irish and second to Albertina Keith. The captain's gravesite in Riverside Cemetery has been visited by many Japanese dignitaries over the years, including the current Emperor of Japan. His grandson Thomas Whitfield (1882-1944) was the second-longest serving Selectman in Fairhaven's history.

Fairhaven sites associated with Manjiro Nakahama

**denotes that these are private homes and are not open to the public.*

POVERTY POINT AREA

The Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship House, 11 Cherry Street. Manjiro lived here with the Whitfields in 1843 before the family moved to a farm on Sconticut Neck. William H. Whitfield died in the same house in 1886. Hours: Sat. & Sun. from June through Labor Day, noon to 4:00 p.m. and other times during the year by appointment. Phone: 508-858-5303 or 508-995-1219 (The house next door at 13 Cherry Street* was also owned by the Whitfield family and is now a private home.)

Ebenezer Akin House*, 14 Oxford St. Manjiro stayed with the Akins while attending the Oxford Village School.

Allen House*, 10 Oxford St. Miss Jane Allen, who lived here with her sister Charity, tutored Manjiro in English.

The Oxford Village or Stone Schoolhouse, 40 North St. Manjiro went to this one room schoolhouse that was built in 1828. It was the first public school in Fairhaven. The building is owned by the Town of Fairhaven with the North Fairhaven Improvement Association acting as curator. Open to the public during June, July and August on Saturday afternoons from 12:30 to 4:30 p.m.

Riverside Cemetery, Main St. Not far along the right side of the second left hand road off the main entrance road is the



PHOTO BY ANN RICHARD
JAPAN'S CROWN PRINCE AKIHITO (NOW EMPEROR) IN FAIRHAVEN, 1987

Whitfield family burial plot. It is often visited by dignitaries from Japan. Open during daylight hours.

FAIRHAVEN CENTER

Bartlett School of Navigation*, 42-44 Spring St. Now a private home, this was the school where Manjiro studied mathematics and navigation with Mr. Louis Bartlett.

Northeast Maritime Institute (Old Unitarian Church), 32 Washington St. Manjiro was allowed to worship with the Whitfields here after other churches turned him away or asked that he be seated in the "negroes pew."

Millicent Library, 45 Center St. Books, articles and historical items related to Manjiro are housed here. Japan's Emperor Akihito toured the library during his 1987 visit while Crown Prince. Hours: Mon. & Wed., 9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Tues., Thur., Fri., 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Sat., 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship Society

<http://www.whitfield-manjiro.org>

Millicent Library

<http://www.millicentlibrary.org>



- TRAFFIC SIGNAL
- ★ PLAYGROUND

RIVERSIDE CEMETERY 7

195

POVERTY POINT

POPE'S ISLAND

CROW ISLAND

6

240

CUSHMAN PARK ★

SHOPPING PLAZA

WASHINGTON ST.

SHOPPING PLAZA

PHOENIX BIKE TRAIL

SHOPPING PLAZA

HUTTLESTON

SHOPPING PLAZA

FORT PHOENIX ★
FORT PHOENIX STATE BEACH

HARBOR VIEW

★ 33

LITTLE BAY RD.

BIKE TRAIL 34



Places of interest

1 Visitors Center/Tourism Office

141 Main Street, 508-979-4085

Visitors Center/Tourism Office Hours: Mon., Tue., Thu., Fri. 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Sat. 8:30 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. (Museum, below, has separate hours)

Brochures and maps describing local attractions and local periodicals are available.



FAIRHAVEN ACADEMY BUILDING & VISITORS CENTER

Academy Building Museum

Museum Hours: Saturdays 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., Late June through Labor Day and Sunday afternoons during Farmers Market, June to October. (Visitors Center, above, has separate hours.) Artifacts from Fairhaven's past, collected by the Fairhaven Historical Society, Inc., are displayed in a 1798 schoolhouse.

2 Fairhaven High School

12 Huttleston Avenue

3 Cooke Memorial Park & Capt. Joshua Slocum Monument

Pilgrim Avenue

4 Coggeshall Memorial House

6 Cherry Street

Hours: by appointment only

Built in 1908, the house holds a collection of antiques and works of local artists of the past, including William Bradford, Elizabeth Delano, Charles Gifford and Lemuel D. Eldred.

5 Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship House

11 Cherry Street

Hours: Sat. & Sun. from June through Labor Day, noon to 4:00 p.m. and by appointment

Phone: 508-995-1219

Home of the whaling captain William Whitfield who rescued Majiro Nakahama from a Pacific Island and brought him to America. A museum here is operated by the Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship Society.

6 Joseph Bates Boyhood Home

191 Main Street

Hours: by appointment

Phone 774-328-8882. Email: josephbateshome@comcast.net

Boyhood home of the founder of the Seventh-day Adventist Church, this property is now owned by the Adventist Heritage Ministry.



DELANO TOMB AT RIVERSIDE CEMETERY

7 Riverside Cemetery

274 Main Street. Daylight hours.

Created in 1850 on land donated by President Franklin Delano Roosevelt's grandfather, Warren Delano II, this fine rural style cemetery is like an arboretum—beautiful for walks, bicycling and studying local history. *The Fairhaven Office of Tourism publishes a separate brochure about Riverside Cemetery, which includes a map.*

8 Benoit Square

Adams and Main streets

9 Church of the Good Shepherd

357 Main Street

10 Thomas Livesey Memorial Park

Glenhaven Avenue

Playground, walking path, tennis courts, skate board park, hockey rink, ball fields.

11 Oxford School Building

347 Main Street

12 Old Stone Schoolhouse

40 North Street

Hours: Saturdays 12:30 to 4:30 p.m., June, July & August

Fairhaven's first district school, built in 1828, shows history of edu-



OLD STONE SCHOOLHOUSE

cation in the 19th Century as well as children's playthings. Manjiro Nakahama first went to school here in 1843.

13 E. I. Hastings Middle School

34 School Street

14 Victory Baptist Church

7 Park Avenue

15 Trinity Lutheran Church

16 Temple Place

16 Police/Fire Station

146 Washington Street



17 St. Joseph School

100 Spring Street

18 St. Joseph's Church

76 Spring Street

19 Cushman Park

Parking lot on Main St. near Spring St.
Playground, tennis courts, track, ball fields.

20 Northeast Maritime Institute

32 Washington Street



ART ON CENTER

21 Art on Center

15 Center Street
774-206-1709 info@artoncenter.org

Non-profit art center and gallery. <http://artoncenter.org>

22 George H. Taber Masonic Lodge

20 Center Street

23 First Congregational Church

34 Center Street

24 Town Hall

40 Center Street
Hours: Mon. - Fri. 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

25 Millicent Library

45 Center Street
Hours: Mon. & Wed., 9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Tues., Thur., Fri.,

9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Sat., 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

26 U.S. Post Office

13 William Street

27 Unitarian Memorial Church

102 Green Street

Tour Hours: Tuesdays & Thursdays in July and August, 2:00 to 4:00 p.m. or by appointment.

Donations accepted, Handicap accessible.

Phone: 508-992-7081

This English gothic style "cathedral" was built by Henry H. Rogers in memory of his mother Mary E. Rogers.

28 Our Lady's Haven

75 Center Street

29 Rogers School Building

100 Pleasant Street

30 Leonard E. Pierce Memorial Park & Phoenix Bike Trail

The main route of the Phoenix Bike Trail follows the former route of the Fairhaven Branch of the Old Colony Railroad from the town center, east past the commercial district, into rural East Fairhaven. A spur runs south from Arsene Street (roughly the mid point of the trail) into the Little Bay Conservation Area.

31 Fort Phoenix

South end of Fort Street, Daylight Hours.

The fort protected the harbor from 1775 to 1876. The Office of Tourism offers a free tour on Thursday afternoons from June through September. Other tours may also be scheduled.



NEW BEDFORD-FAIRHAVEN-ACUSHNET HURRICANE BARRIER

32 Hurricane Barrier

South end of Fort Street

Built in 1962-1965 this huge stone structure is an engineering marvel that protects the inner harbor from storms. It is a fine place to walk for views of the working harbor and its boat traffic.

33 Leroy Wood School

Everybody's Playground

60 Sconticut Neck Road

Handicap accessible playground.

34 Little Bay Conservation Land

Little Bay Road

Walking/biking trail

**35 "Hawk" Medeiros Rec Center/
Fairhaven Senior Center**

227 & 229 Huttleston Avenue

36/37 Fairhaven Wind turbines

Installed, spring 2012



Explore one of the Town of Fairhaven's oldest neighborhoods

Walking at Poverty Point



HISTORY ABOUNDs on the narrow streets in the Poverty Point area of Fairhaven. Originally known as Oxford Village, this land made up the earliest community settlement in town during colonial times. John Cooke, who arrived in Plymouth on the *Mayflower* at the age of fourteen, moved to the vicinity about 1662, building a home and a garrison a short distance to the north of the Oxford area. Shipbuilding started on the Acushnet River as early as 1710 and by the time of the Revolutionary War, Oxford Village was a bustling center of waterfront commerce.

After the first Fairhaven-New Bedford bridge was built in the 1790s, cutting Oxford Village off from the open sea, most commercial interests (and the associated wealth) moved south of the bridge to the growing Fair-Haven Village. It was at about this time we find the earliest reference to the nickname "Poverty Point," which survives to this day.

In the 1820s to 1840s Poverty Point became a more residential neighborhood. It was the home of sea captains, such as William H. Whitfield, who rescued Manjiro Nakahama in 1841, and Eben Pierce, who gave his friend Joshua Slocum the *Spray* in 1891. Artists such as Lemuel D. Eldred and Charles H. Gifford lived and worked here and in a home hidden just off Main Street,

Seventh Day Adventist founder Joseph Bates, Jr., grew up. Children walked to the schoolhouse that was built on North Street in 1828.

With more than a dozen houses dating to the 1700s, and most of the rest built in the early 1800s, Poverty Point is an interesting neighborhood to explore on foot or by bicycle.

Following are descriptions of some of the things you'll see as you stroll the area. *Most are private homes and are generally not open to the public.*

1. Joseph Bates Boyhood Home (c. 1742) & Thomas Taber Ruins (c. 1680) 191 Main Street

The front part of this house was built about 1742 by William Wood, who had purchased the entire Oxford area from Philip Taber a year or two earlier. The house was purchased in 1793 by Joseph Bates, Sr. a prominent businessman who helped found the New Bedford (later Fairhaven) Academy in 1798.

Bates' son, Joseph Jr., grew up here before going to sea at the age of fifteen. After retiring as a sea captain, Bates began the local temperance movement and was one of the builders of the Washington Street Meeting house. He became a follower of William Miller who was predicting the Second Advent of Christ. Following the "Great Disappointment" when the predicted event did not occur, Bates wrote a treatise proposing that in order for the Biblical prophecies to come to pass, the Sabbath should be celebrated on Saturdays, the seventh day of the week. Thus Bates founded of the Seventh-day Adventist Church, which was established in 1863.



JOSEPH BATES JR.

The house, visited by thousands of Seventh-day Adventists over the years, was purchased in 2006 by the Adventist Heritage Ministry, which is undertaking a restoration. It is open to the public during the spring, summer and early fall.

The Fairhaven Office of Tourism publishes a separate brochure about Joseph Bates Jr.

Next to the Bates house stand the remains of the Thomas Taber house, c. 1680. Taber, a son-in-law of the Pilgrim John Cooke, built after his first house was burned during the King Philip War. The stone wall was part of a huge fireplace and chimney that made up the entire south wall of the house. The small 16 foot by 20 foot house was occupied until 1851. The wooden parts of the house did not survive long after that, but the entire chimney remained intact into the 1890s. In

1926, Miss Clara Bennett deeded the the land upon which the home had stood to the Old Dartmouth Historical Society. The small plot was later turned over to the town of Fairhaven. The chimney wall is care for by the town's Historical Commission.



CHIMNEY OF THE THOMAS TABER HOUSE AS IT STOOD IN THE LATE 1800s

2. Capt. Joshua Slocum Memorial Cooke Memorial Park, Pilgrim Avenue

This boulder marks the place near which Captain Joshua Slocum painstakingly rebuilt an antiquated oyster boat, *Spray*. The small vessel (36 feet, 9 inches) had been given to Slocum by Poverty Point resident Capt. Eben Pierce. Slocum began his rebuilding of the *Spray* in 1891 and launched his fully overhauled vessel on June 21, 1892.

Slocum began living aboard the *Spray*. He remained in Fairhaven for a short time afterward and tried fishing for a season, but without much luck.

In April of 1895, Slocum set sail from Boston on a three-year

voyage around the globe. When landed at Newport, RI in June of 1898, Slocum became the first man to have sailed around the world alone. On July 3 of that year, he sailed the *Spray* back to her birthplace in Fairhaven.

Slocum's book *Sailing Alone Around the World*, first published in 1900, is still in print and has been translated into many languages.

The Fairhaven Office of Tourism publishes a separate brochure about Joshua Slocum.



CAPT. JOSHUA SLOCUM

3. John Cooke Memorial

Cooke Memorial Park, Pilgrim Avenue

John Cooke arrived in America at the age of 14 in the year 1620 with his father Francis aboard the *Mayflower*. In 1652 Cooke was among the 36 Plymouth colonists who purchased Dartmouth Township from Wampanoag leader Massasoit and his son Wamsutta. Cooke was the



only one of the original Pilgrims to actually move to the town, building a home and a garrison near Howland Road.

A Baptist preacher, Cooke represented the area at Plymouth Court for six years and performed a number of legal duties, making him an important figure of his day. He was one of the town's Selectmen in 1675 when Massasoit's son King Philip attacked and burned much of

old Dartmouth.

Cooke had five daughters whose families—Hathaway, Taber, West and Wilcox—were among the most prominent in the region. At the time of Cooke's death in 1695, he was the last surviving male passenger of the *Mayflower*.

Taber family tradition once said Cooke was buried here. While this park was referred to as a burial ground in the 1760s, more evidence suggests Cooke may have been buried on Hathaway property in what is now Acushnet. His actual burial place is unknown.

4. Coggeshall Memorial House (1908)

6 Cherry Street

The large Colonial Revival house was built in 1908 by John and Martha (Jenney) Coggeshall on land originally owned by Benjamin Jenney, Martha's uncle. Upon Martha's death in 1916, the home was willed to the Fairhaven Colonial Club for use as a meeting place and to house the club's collection of antiques and paintings by local artists.

The Colonial Club holds occasional open houses, including an annual tea party on the town's anniversary, February 22.

5. Charles H. Gifford House (1875)

7 Lafayette Street

Marine artist Charles H. Gifford (1839 - 1904) built this shingle-style house in 1875. Gifford was a "Luminist" painter, influenced by the renowned Fairhaven native William Bradford and the Dutch painter Albert Van Beest. He sold his first painting in 1865 for \$10. In the 1870s, Gifford displayed his work in his studio in New York City.

In about 1895, he added the large tower to the waterfront side of his Fairhaven home and officially opened it as his painting studio in 1897. Of the Poverty Point area, Gifford once wrote, "There is no other place on the New England coast that would give me the material for study such as sunsets, moonlights, storms. . ."

Several of Charles H. Gifford's works are owned by the New Bedford Whaling Museum, the New Bedford Free Public Library, the New Bedford Art Museum, and a number of private collections.



6. Elnathan Eldredge Store/Edgewater

(c. 1768, enlarged 1880s)

2 Oxford St.

The lower, easternmost part of this structure was built c. 1768 by Elnathan Eldredge, whose purchase of six acres of William Wood's farm in 1760 began the village settlement of Oxford. It was the site of Eldredge's store, dealing in West Indies goods. A wharf once extended into the harbor from this property.

The home was greatly expanded in the 1870s, and since then has been known as "Edgewater."

From 1983 until 2006 this was Edgewater Bed and Breakfast. It is now a private home.

7. Allen House (prior to 1790)

10 Oxford Street

This is a typical one and a half story, center chimney Cape Cod style house that dates to before 1790. It was once the home of Bartlett Allen, one of four generations of Allen family boat builders at Poverty Point between the Revolutionary War and 1915—Eleazer Allen, Bartlett Allen, James Allen and James Allen Jr.

In 1843, Manjiro Nakahama was tutored here by Miss Jane Allen after his rescue by Capt. William Whitfield.

8. Eben Akin House (c. 1765)

14 Oxford St.

This house was built c. 1765 by mariner James Sellers and was purchased in the early 1800s by Bartholomew Akin, who was the town assessor in 1813 and in 1818. Eben Akin inherited the house. Akin was a teacher, store keeper, town clerk and treasurer (1842-1855 and 1875-1877) as well as being appointed post master in 1887.

Young Manjiro Nakahama boarded for a brief time with the Akins while attending the Oxford Village School on North Street in 1843.

Fairhaven painter Lemuel D. Eldred once had an art studio in a building that was located behind the Akin house.



WHITFIELD-MANJIRO FRIENDSHIP HOUSE

9. Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship House (c. 1830)

11 Cherry Street

This house and the one next door to the north (13 Cherry St.) were owned by the Whitfield family.

In 1841 Captain William H. Whitfield rescued a young Japanese

fisherman from an island in the Pacific. Coming to Fairhaven aboard the whaleship *John Howland*, Manjiro Nakahama is said to have been the first Japanese person to live in America. Manjiro spent his first night in Fairhaven at the captain's home, 11 Cherry Street, which is now owned by the Town of Fairhaven and operated as a museum by the Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship Society.

Because Capt. Whitfield was a widower at the time of this voyage, his young Japanese guest was lodged with the Akins on Oxford Street until Whitfield's remarriage.

After ten years in America, Manjiro returned to Japan where he became influential during the "opening of Japan" to American trade. Manjiro is still a folk hero in Japan and the story of his time in Fairhaven is well known.

On February 14, 1886, Captain Whitfield died at his Cherry Street home. His son Marcellas P. Whitfield, a carpenter, continued to live here, followed by Marcellas' son Joseph. The Whitfield family's ownership of the property ended in 1951.

In 1987, the town had the great honor of welcoming Japan's Emperor Akihito—then the crown prince—and his wife when they visited this house to honor the memory Captain Whitfield.

In 2007 the house was purchased by a group of prominent Japanese people, led by Dr. Shigeaki Hinohara, who presented the house to the Town of Fairhaven. The museum, operated by the Whitfield-Manjiro Friendship Society, was dedicated on May 7, 2009. It is open on Saturday and Sunday afternoons from June to September and by appointment other times.

10. Oxford Village or "Point" School (1828)

40 North Street, corner of Castle Avenue

This stone structure, built in 1828, was the first public schoolhouse in town. School was held here until severe overcrowding resulted in the building of Oxford School on Main Street in 1896. During 1843, Manjiro Nakahama attended classes here, learning to speak English, which after his return to Japan, gave him great prominence as trade opened up his homeland to the West.

The building is still owned by the town. It is open Saturday afternoons in June, July and August. Goup visits may be arranged through the Fairhaven Office of Tourism.

11. Bennett Mansion (c. 1815)

199 Main Street

This three-story, hipped roof, Federal style mansion, once called the "most pretentious dwelling in the village" was built either by Robert Bennett or his son Capt. Thomas Bennett, who sailed as captain of the *New York* of the Liverpool line of packet ships and who owned much property in Oxford Village. Much of the family fortune was lost during an economic depression around the time of the War of 1812, but later Thomas Bennett Jr. established the Wamsutta Mills in New Bedford during the mid-1800s and became known as the "Father of the New Bedford Textile Industry."

At one time, this property was owned by the Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, but its upkeep was higher than the group's budget allowed, so it was sold to a real estate holding company. It now houses several apartments.

12. Franklin Bates/Eben Pierce House (c. 1815)

193 Main Street

This Federal style home was built about 1815 for Franklin Bates, brother of Joseph Bates. It was later the home of retired sea captain Ebenezer Pierce, who gave his old sloop *Spray* to Captain Joshua Slocum. Neighbor Alice Charry once wrote that Slocum roomed upstairs over the kitchen in this house during some of his stay in Fairhaven.



The Gifts of Henry H. Rogers

HENRY HUTTLESTON ROGERS was born in Fairhaven in 1840, the second of three children of Rowland and Mary (Huttleston) Rogers. As a boy he delivered newspapers, worked as a grocery clerk and was baggage master for the Fairhaven Branch Railroad. At the age of twenty-one, he left Fairhaven for the oil fields of Pennsylvania, where he and a partner, Charles Ellis, started their own oil refinery. Later Rogers became manager of the Charles Pratt Oil Co., which merged in 1872 with the Standard Oil Company. Rogers eventually became president of six and vice-president of thirteen of the Standard Oil Trust companies. He was also part of U.S. Steel, Amalgamated Copper, and several gas companies and railroads.

Rogers married his high school sweetheart, Abbie Gifford, and summered in Fairhaven with his five children. In 1895 he built an 85-room mansion near Fort Phoenix in the southern part of town overlooking the bay.

In 1885, with the building of a grammar school, Rogers began a series of benefactions to his hometown, giving Fairhaven some of the most beautiful public buildings in the country. Besides the spectacular architecture gracing the town, Fairhaven has Rogers to thank for its public water system, roads, and Cushman Park, which was a boggy pond before Rogers had it filled and landscaped.

Rogers was a close friend of author Mark Twain, who often visited the Rogers family in town, often arriving on Rogers' 225 foot steam yacht *Kanawha*. At Twain's suggestion, Rogers gave financial assistance to Helen Keller, who dedicated one of her books to him. Rogers also provided Booker T. Washington with funds for the establishment of schools for southern blacks.

At the time of his death in May of 1909, Henry Huttleston Rogers was worth between 100 and 150 million dollars, placing him at number 22 in the list of the top 100 wealthiest people in American history.

A monument, which now stands on the west lawn of Fairhaven High School, was dedicated to Rogers in 1912.

Following is a list of buildings donated to the people of Fairhaven by Rogers, with a map to help locate them.

1. Rogers School (1885)

100 Pleasant St. at corner of Center St.

The first gift of Henry H. Rogers, this elementary school is the town's oldest public school still in use. Built at a time when greater interest in education was sweeping the country, the school incorporated the best features in schoolhouse design, including a spacious auditorium on the third floor. Originally the building had living quarters for the custodian, assuring security and the uninterrupted operation of the furnace on cold winter nights.



When the building's exterior brick began to discolor just five years after the school's construction, Rogers had all the brick removed and replaced. Fairhaven did not have electric service when the school was built. It was wired for lights in 1890. With an addition and two portable classrooms added to the rear, the building has been used as an elementary school up to the present time.

2. The Millicent Library (1893)

45 Center Street

Fairhaven's Italian Renaissance-style library is named for Rogers' daughter Millicent, who died in 1890 at the age of 17. Designed by noted architect Charles Brigham, the library is ornamented with molded terracotta reliefs, red slate roof and a large stained glass window by Clayton and Bell of London, depicting Millicent as the Muse of Poetry.

After giving a speech dedicating the Town Hall across the street,

Rogers' friend Mark Twain visited the library. "I'm glad to have seen it," Twain wrote to the trustees. "It is the ideal library, I think." Twain sent the library an autographed set of his books with a note commenting, "They are not instructive, but I feel sure you will like the bindings."

The Millicent Library, open Monday through Saturday, houses a collection of memorabilia relating to Captain William Whitfield's 1841 rescue of Manjiro Nakahama. The guest book has been signed by Emperor Akihito of Japan, who visited in 1987.



3. Town Hall (1894)

40 Center Street

Financed by Rogers as a gift to the town from his first wife, Abbie, this French Gothic building was the second of Rogers' buildings to be designed by Charles Brigham. Originally, it housed all of the town government offices, as well as the Post Office and the police station with three iron-barred jail cells. It is still home to several municipal offices.

The interior features quartered

oak paneling, solid brass fixtures and leaded, stained glass windows. The tower houses a four-faced clock. The magnificent auditorium on the second floor, restored in the 1990s, has been the sight of many town meetings, dances, concerts, plays and theatrical performances. Humorist Mark Twain, a close friend of Rogers, appeared on stage here on February 22, 1894, as the keynote speaker at the building's dedication ceremony.

Town Hall is open Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.



4. Masonic Building (1901) 20 Center Street

Rogers' effort to boost business in the center of town resulted in the construction of the Masonic Building, the third floor of which contains the ornate meeting place of the George H. Taber Lodge, A.F. & A.M., named for Fairhaven and Massachusetts' oldest living freemason, who was related by marriage to Rogers. Originally named Concordia Lodge, the group was given the building under the condition the lodge be renamed to honor "Uncle George."

Rental of the first floor for business use helps the lodge maintain the building.

5. Unitarian Memorial Church (dedicated 1904)

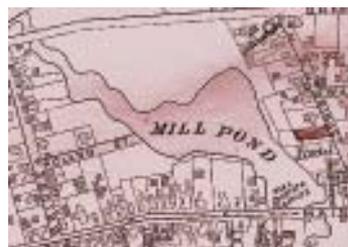
102 Green Street

The bell tower of this English perpendicular Gothic "cathedral" reaches 165 feet above its manicured green, a particularly inspiring sight from near or far. Dedicated in memory of Rogers' mother, Mary Eldredge (Huttleston) Rogers, the church was designed by Charles Brigham and built of local granite quarried near Fort Phoenix. European stone

cutters and craftsmen fashioned a multitude of limestone gargoyles and other figures inside and outside the building. The breathtaking stained glass windows were designed by painter Robert Reid of New York.

The lovely Tudor style manse, now used as a Sunday school, also graces the church grounds, bringing a touch of Old England to New England.

In July and August the church sanctuary is open for tours on some weekday afternoons. Check for up to date listings at the Visitors Center.



6. Cushman Park (1903)

The stagnant Mill Pond, which had connected to the harbor at one time, was considered to be an eyesore and a health hazard at the turn of the 20th Century. With financing by Henry H. Rogers, the five-acre pond was

filled with earth moved by a small steam train from an area north of Bridge Street. This major engineering project, overseen by Joseph K. Nye, also diverted the Herring River underground and raised the level of parts of Bridge Street. The original landscaping included many trees, flowering shrubs and flower beds. This public park, which now includes some of the high school's athletic facilities, is named for Rogers' ancestor Robert Cushman, one of the planners of the Pilgrim's voyage to America.

Officially given to the town in 1908, this was Rogers' last gift to Fairhaven before his death in May 1909.





7. Tabitha Inn (*Our Lady's Haven*) (1905)

71 Center Street

Built to accommodate an increase in visitors to Fairhaven, this well-appointed Elizabethan style hotel was named after Rogers' maternal great-grandmother, Tabitha (Crowell) Huttlestone. At the time it was built, the Tabitha Inn was considered one of the finest small accommodations outside of Boston or New York. Mark Twain and other notable friends of the Rogers family stayed here. During WWII, the building housed Coast Guard cadets and was later purchased by the Fall River Diocese of the Catholic Church for use as a nursing home, Our Lady's Haven. The large brick addition to the rear was added in the early 1950s.



8. Fairhaven High School 1906

12 Huttleston Avenue (Route 6)

A member of the first graduating class of the town's original wooden high school (demolished in the 1920s), Henry H. Rogers chose to build an educational palace to instill in Fairhaven students a sense of the glories associated with learning. He consulted with the top educators of the day while planning the new school.

The Elizabethan-influence design is by Charles Brigham and includes marble floors, oak paneling, stained glass windows and a lovely auditorium with a beamed ceiling and carved wooden gargoyles. The library/media center was once an octagonal gymnasium that contained the first indoor basketball court in an American high school.

The school was built with its own electric generating plant, operated by a custodian who lived in an apartment located on the third floor. The basement level once housed industrial arts rooms and a home economics kitchen and facilities for agricultural studies.

The new wing, completed in the year 2000, added updated teaching and lab facilities and improved the high school handicap accessibility, continuing Rogers' aim to provide for the town's future.

Other Rogers-related sites

Henry H. Rogers' Boyhood home

(ca. 1769)

39 Middle Street (*private home*)

After the marriage of Rowland and Mary Eldredge (Huttleston) Rogers in 1833, they lived in this Middle Street house, which had been the home of Mary's grandparents, Ruby and Stephen Merrihew. Ruby, who had married Jethro Allen Jr. after the death of her first husband, lived until 1835 and the Rogers may have been her caretakers during her last two years. The home was deeded in trust to Mary Rogers through the will of her mother Rhoda Huttleston in 1841. Henry H. Rogers, along with his siblings Eliza and Rufus, were raised here. In 1888, a two-story addition was added to the home where Mary E. Rogers continued to live until shortly before her death in 1899.



Rogers Mausoleum (1893)

Riverside Cemetery, Main St.

Designed by Charles Brigham and installed in Riverside Cemetery in 1893, the mausoleum, modeled after the Temple of Minerva in Athens, is the final resting place of H.H. Rogers, his first wife Abbie, three of their children, Rogers' parents, sister, daughter-in-law Mary and grandson H.H. Rogers III.



Atlas Tack Factory (1902)

Only Office Building remains, South and Pleasant Streets

Little remains today of the Atlas Tack Company factory, built by Rogers in 1902 to house one of the nation's largest manufacturers of tacks, nails, bottlecaps and other small hardware. Originally the American Tack Co., located on the present-day wharf of Fairhaven Shipyard on Fort Street, Atlas Tack was formed by consolidating several tack manufacturing firms into one large firm.

It was the town's largest employer during much of the 20th century. The factory was closed in 1985 and most of its structures were subsequently razed.

Fairhaven Water Co. (*Fairhaven Water Dept.*) (1893)

Mill Road

Henry H. Rogers started the Fairhaven Water Company and had the town's first public water system installed in 1893. The design and operation of the water system was supervised by Joseph K. Nye, the son of Nye Oil Works founder William F. Nye. All of the company's stock was given to the trustees of the Millicent Library, who used the revenue for operation of the library until 1968. Since then, the town has run the water system under the Department of Public Works.



Tours

Henry H. Rogers Walking Tour

Tuesday and Thursday morning at 10:00 a.m.

June, July, August, September

And by appointment when possible

Tour Begins at the Visitors Center, 43 Center Street

This tour outlines the life of Fairhaven's benefactor, Standard Oil Company millionaire Henry Huttleston Rogers (1840-1909) and his generosity to his home town. The tour includes visits inside two of the Rogers buildings—the Town Hall and the Millicent Library—as well as exterior viewing of Rogers' boyhood home, the Unitarian Memorial Church, Our Lady's Haven, Rogers School and the Masonic Building. Weather permitting. Free. For more information call 508-979-4085 or email FairhavenTours@aol.com.

A brochure with a map is also available at the Visitors Center.

Fort Phoenix Minuteman Tour

Thursday at 2:00 p.m.

June, July August September

And by appointment when possible

Starts at Fort Phoenix flagpole, Fort Street

Listen to an authentically dressed colonial militiaman tell stories of the history of Fort Phoenix from the Revolutionary War through the Civil War. Then watch him unpack his haversack and blanket roll to explain the equipment and supplies that a militia volunteer had to carry with him when on alert. Also learn about 18th-Century dental and medical practices. This tour is interesting to children as well as adults. Tour lasts about 75 minutes and includes flintlock musket firing demonstration. Weather permitting. Free. For more information call 508-979-4085 or email FairhavenTours@aol.com.

Goodwife Spooner's Fort Phoenix Tour

Friday at 2:00 p.m.

July and August

Starts at Fort Phoenix flagpole, Fort Street

Learn about the history of this harborside fort from the point of view of a colonial woman from Fair-Haven Village. Tour includes discussion of period clothing and household life in the 18th Century. Sponsored by the Office of Tourism and the Fairhaven Village Militia. Weather permitting. Free. For more information call 508-979-4085 or email FairhavenTours@aol.com.

Riverside Cemetery Tour

Sunday prior to Memorial Day weekend, 2:00 p.m.

Sunday of Columbus Day weekend, 2:00 p.m.

Riverside Cemetery, 274 Main St., Fairhaven

Created in 1850 by Warren Delano II, the grandfather of President Franklin Delano Roosevelt, this is one of the most beautiful rural-style cemeteries in Massachusetts. The tour visits the final resting places of some of the town's most prominent people. You'll also see lovely examples of early tombstone art as you walk along the beautifully landscaped paths. Tour includes walking on uneven ground. Wear comfortable shoes. Weather permitting. Free. For more information call



PHOTO BY ANNE KAKLEY

508-979-4085 or email FairhavenTours@aol.com.

A brochure with a map is also available at the Visitors Center.

Fairhaven High School Tour

Last Saturday in June, 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

Check Visitors Center for other dates

Fairhaven High School, 12 Huttleston Avenue

Take a guided tour of Fairhaven High School, the "Castle on the Hill," which was built by millionaire Henry H. Rogers and donated to the town in 1906. The tour, guided by Bob Foster, is sponsored by the FHS Alumni Association and lasts about 90 minutes. The tour starts inside the main entrance on the east side of the building. Donations to the Alumni Association are appreciated. For more information, email info@fairhavenalumni.org.

Unitarian Memorial Church Tour

Thursday, 2:00 to 4:00 p.m. (Check for additional days)

July and August

and by advance appointment

Unitarian Memorial Church, 102 Green Street

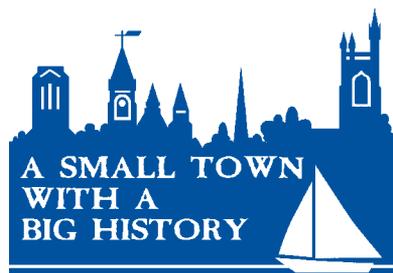
Tour this magnificent English Perpendicular Gothic "cathedral," designed by noted architect Charles Brigham and built in 1901-1904 by Standard Oil Co. millionaire Henry H. Rogers in memory of his mother Mary. Handicap accessible. Donations suggested. For more information, call 508-992-7081.

The Fairhaven Office of Tourism can arrange custom tours ranging from 30 minutes to an hour or more for clubs, scout troops, school classes and commercial tour operators. For more information call 508-979-4085 or email FairhavenTours@aol.com.

A small town with a big history. . .

FAIRHAVEN

MASSACHUSETTS



A *Mayflower* Pilgrim settled here. The first naval battle of the American Revolution took place here. The first Japanese person to live in America studied navigation here. The founder of the Seventh Day Adventists grew up here. Capt. Joshua Slocum rebuilt the *Spray* here before his solo voyage around the world. A U.S. President used to visit his grandparents' home here. A millionaire oil baron left gifts of magnificent public architecture here.

You'll love your visit here.

Town of Fairhaven, MA, Office of Tourism

141 Main Street, Fairhaven, MA 02719

508-979-4085 - FairhavenTours@aol.com - <http://FairhavenTours.blogspot.com>

Make us part of your own history. . .

